

# Evolution of User Behavior with New Networking Paradigms and Service Offers



PANEL ICNS

Nirmala Shenoy

Rochester Institute of Technology

# End User Influence

- ✿ Ongoing exploration and innovation at the edge

- ✿ Individual users, application developers

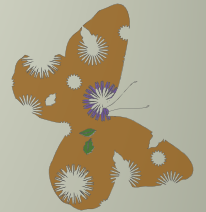
- ✿ End users – adopt new technologies – creates new demands on the network

- ✿ Expectations of end users

- ✿ Dynamic choices

- ✿ Information necessary to make such choices

- ✿ APIs for user choice at the edge




# End User – Service demands



- ✿ Same application

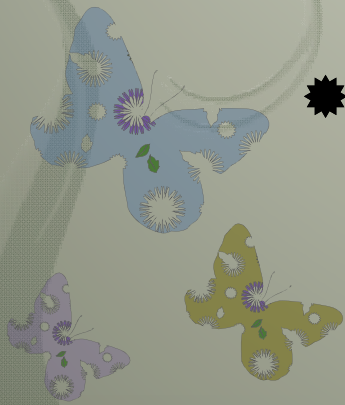
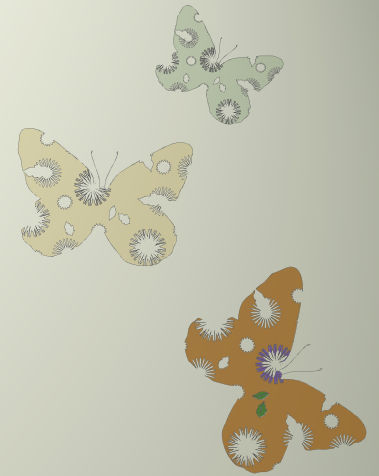
- ✿ Different quality at different times
- ✿ Different users
- ✿ Dependency on price

- ✿ Requires

- ✿ Network service granularity
  - ✿ Network modules to support the diverse demand
  - ✿ Inter- network ?
- 

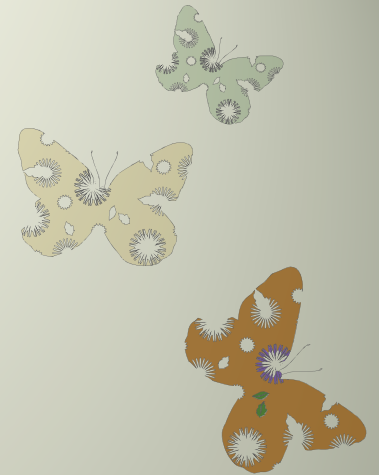
# End User Demands

- ✿ APIs for service selection
  - ✿ Performance
  - ✿ Security
  - ✿ Assurance on privacy levels
  - ✿ Negotiate trust levels
- ✿ Transaction based



# End User Choices

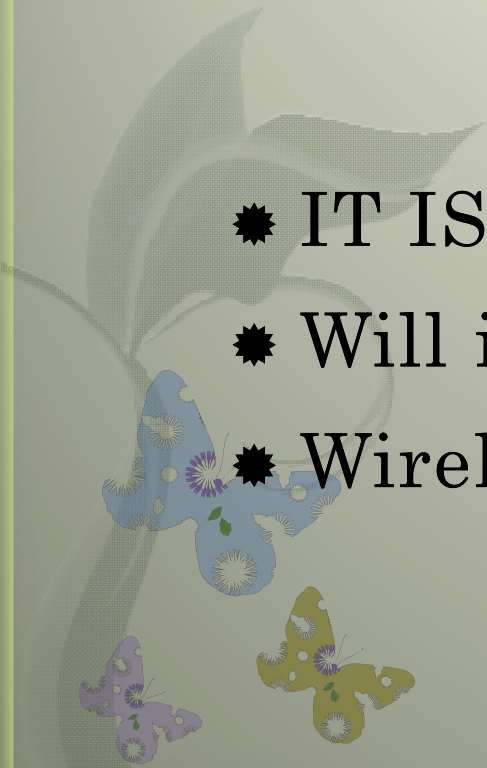
- ✿ Usability dictates
  - ✿ Technical measures?
  - ✿ more intuitive mechanisms that leverage the natural tendencies and requirements of human beings are needed
  - ✿ Binary decisions ?
  - ✿ a full spectrum of choices
  - ✿ Different categories – trustworthiness, quality



# User behavior

- ✿ Is it important to service providers
- ✿ Is it important to network designer

- ✿ IT IS
- ✿ Will impact future networks
- ✿ Wireless networks – good example



# **How safe are we in the modern connected world?**

Dr. Michael Dixon  
Internetworking and Security



**Murdoch**  
UNIVERSITY

DISCOVERERS WELCOME

# Many network security threats today are spread over the Internet



- Viruses, Worms, Trojan horses, Spyware and Adware (**Malware**)
  - Symantec identified more than 286 million Unique Variants of Malware
  - Driven by *Polymorphism* and *Attack Tool Kits*
- Zero-day attacks, also called zero-hour attacks
- **Hacker attacks**
- Denial of service attacks
- **Identity theft**
- Data interception and theft



# RSA: Five Top Internet Security Threats in 2012



- Idealistic young 'hactivists' will continue to attack
- 'Big Data' companies are taking control of users while profiting from user information
- Foreign governments will start to target clouds and more types of businesses with APTs
- Attackers will make more use of mobile exploits for hacking into corporate networks
- Company employees, consultants, and business partners can always pose security risks



# Selected News Headlines

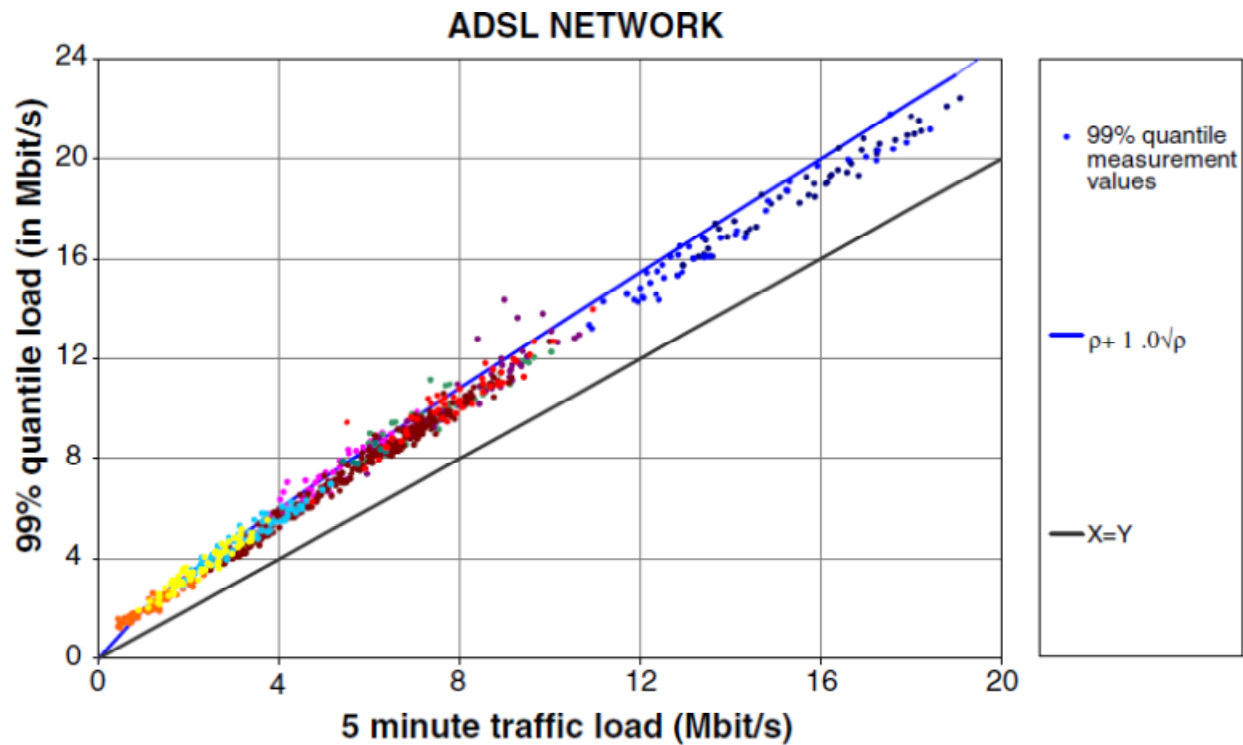
- China cyber capability endangers US forces (2012)
- Source code for Cisco's IOS 12.3 operating system was stolen. FBI determined the attack was part of a much larger attack on major US firms controlling significant infrastructure (2004)
- Source code of Symantec Antivirus posted on the net (2012)
- Source code was stolen for Google's unified Single Sign-On service used for Gmail and other Google services (2010)

**Panel:**  
Evolution of User Behavior with New  
Networking Paradigms and Service Offers

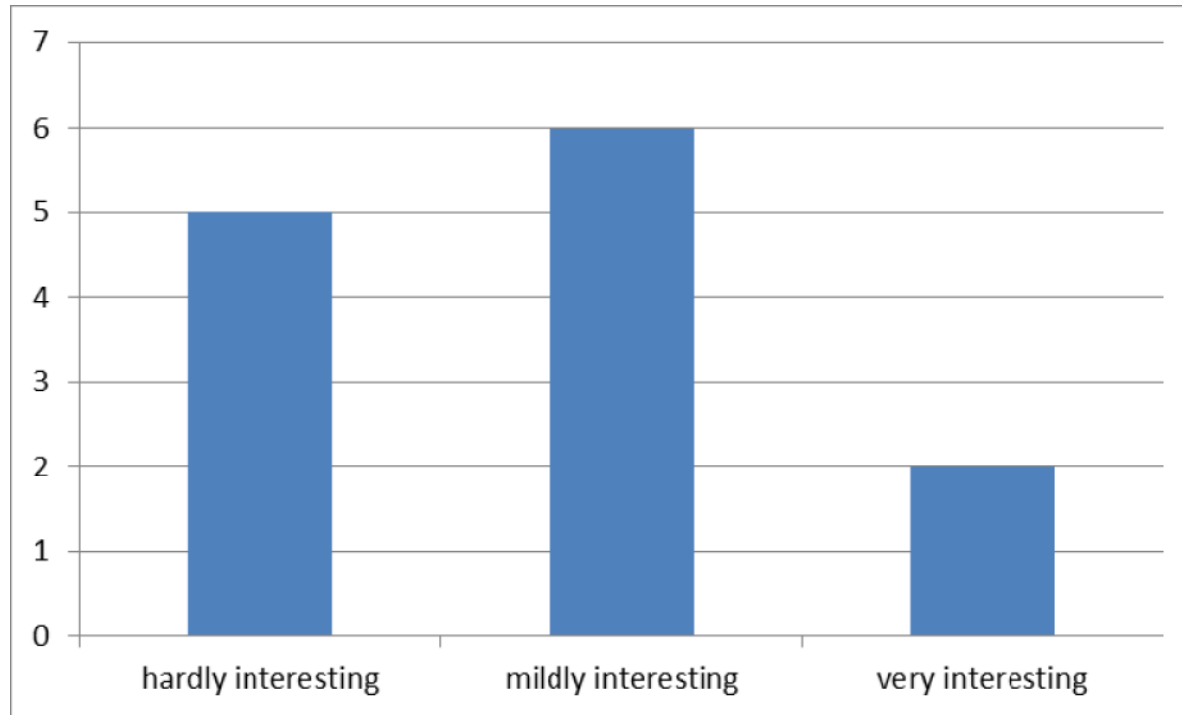
Robert Kooij  
ICNS 2012  
*March 26 2012*

1

# Aggregated statistics of DSL users



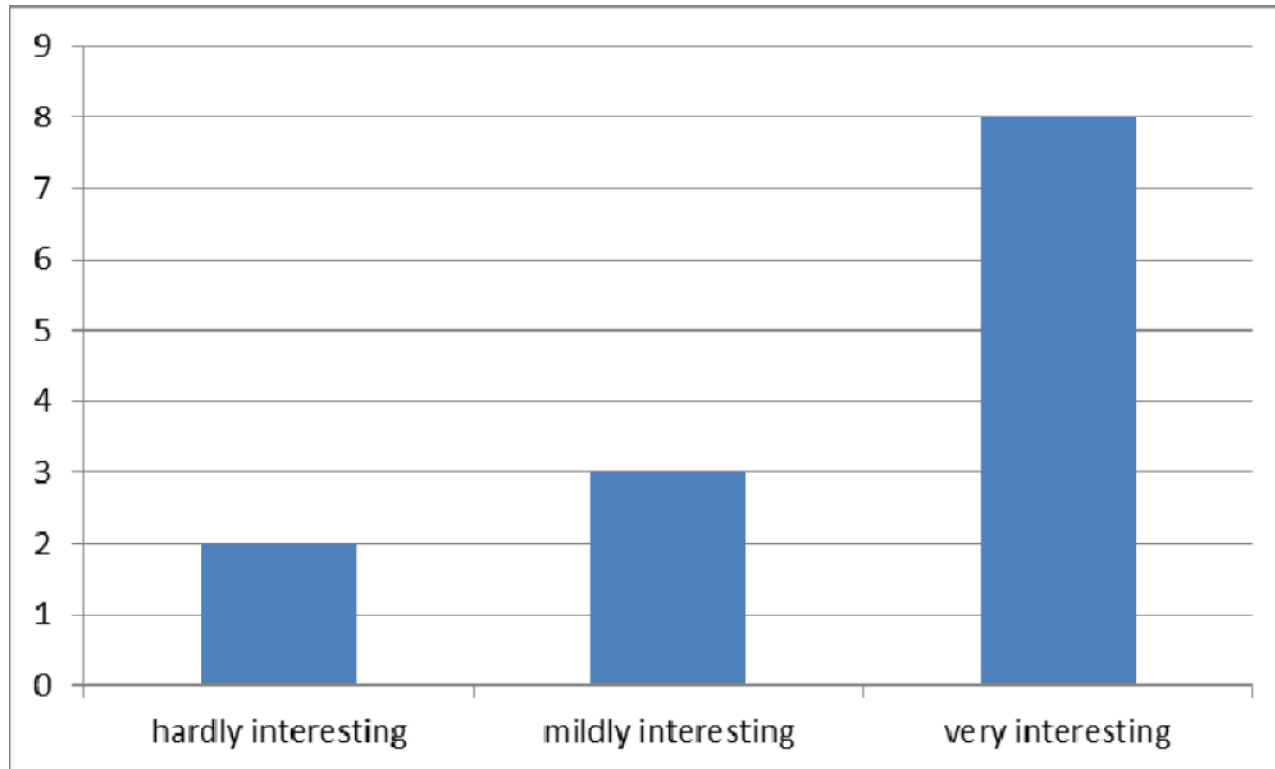
# Aggregated statistics of DSL users



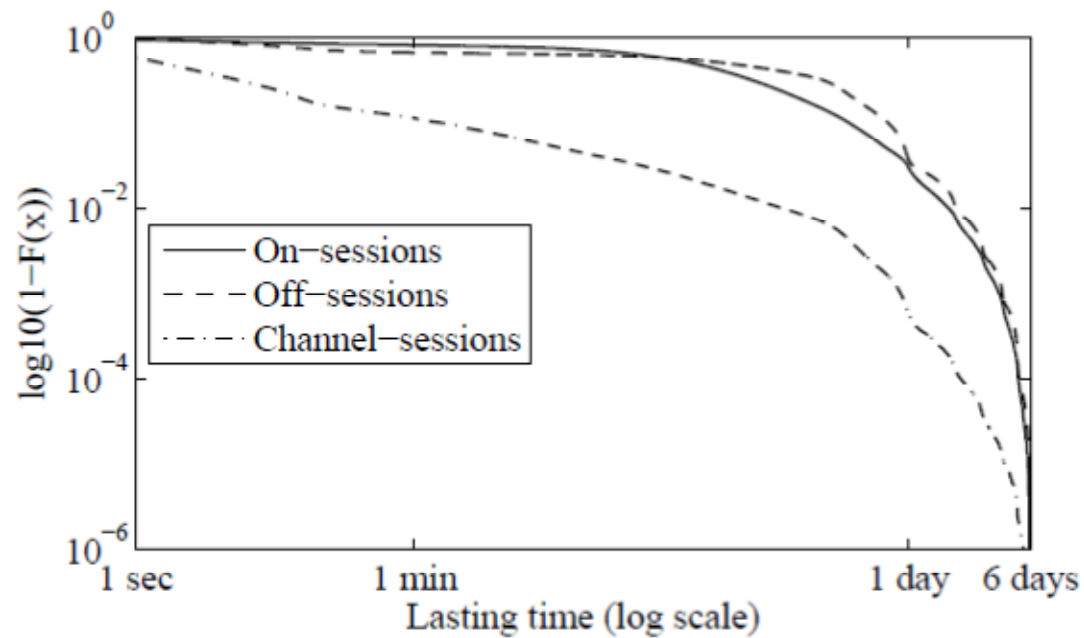
# Social media



# Social media

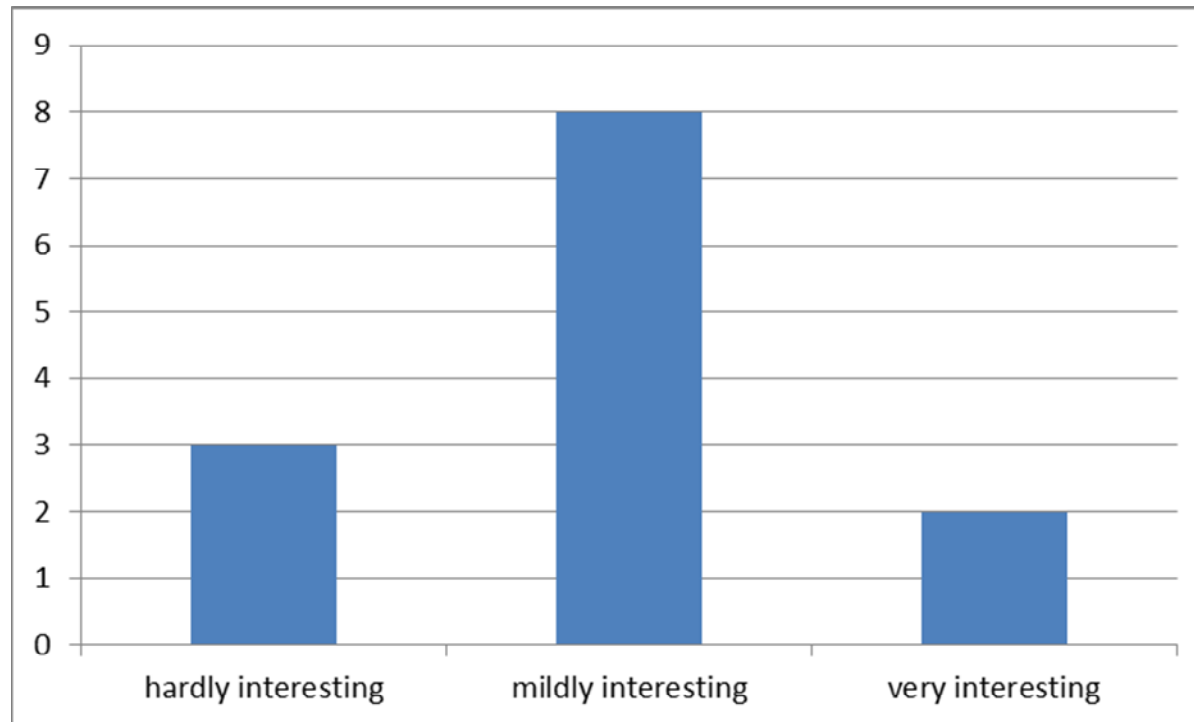


# IPTV statistics

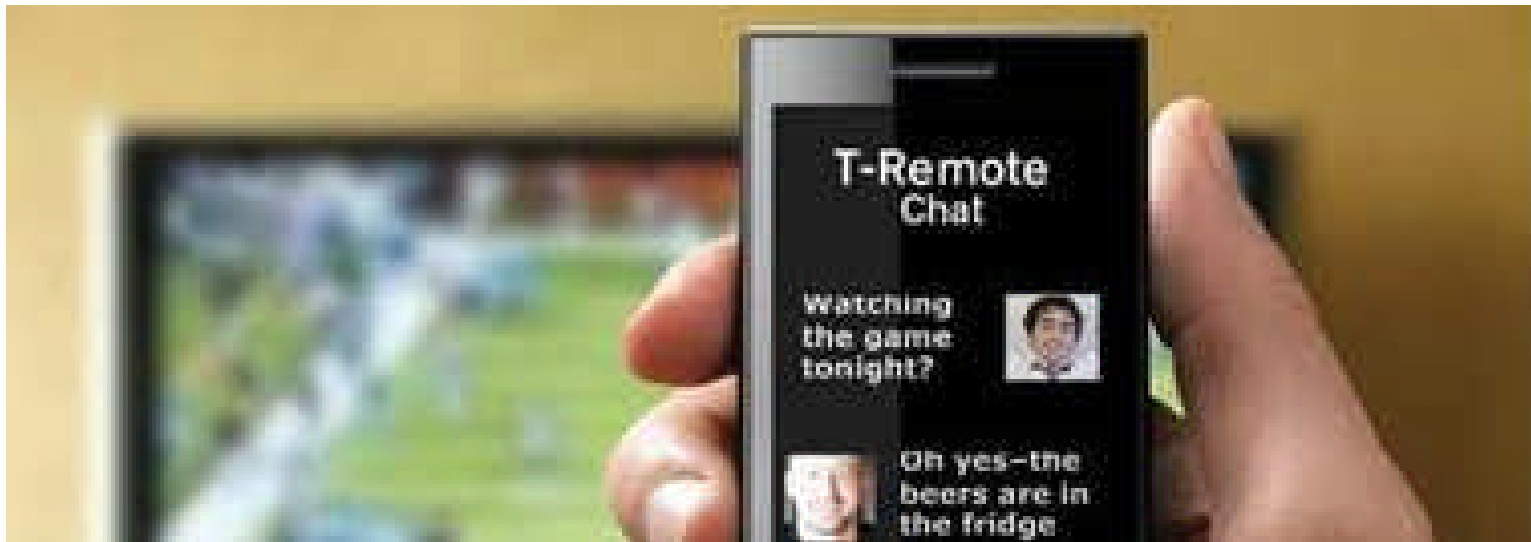




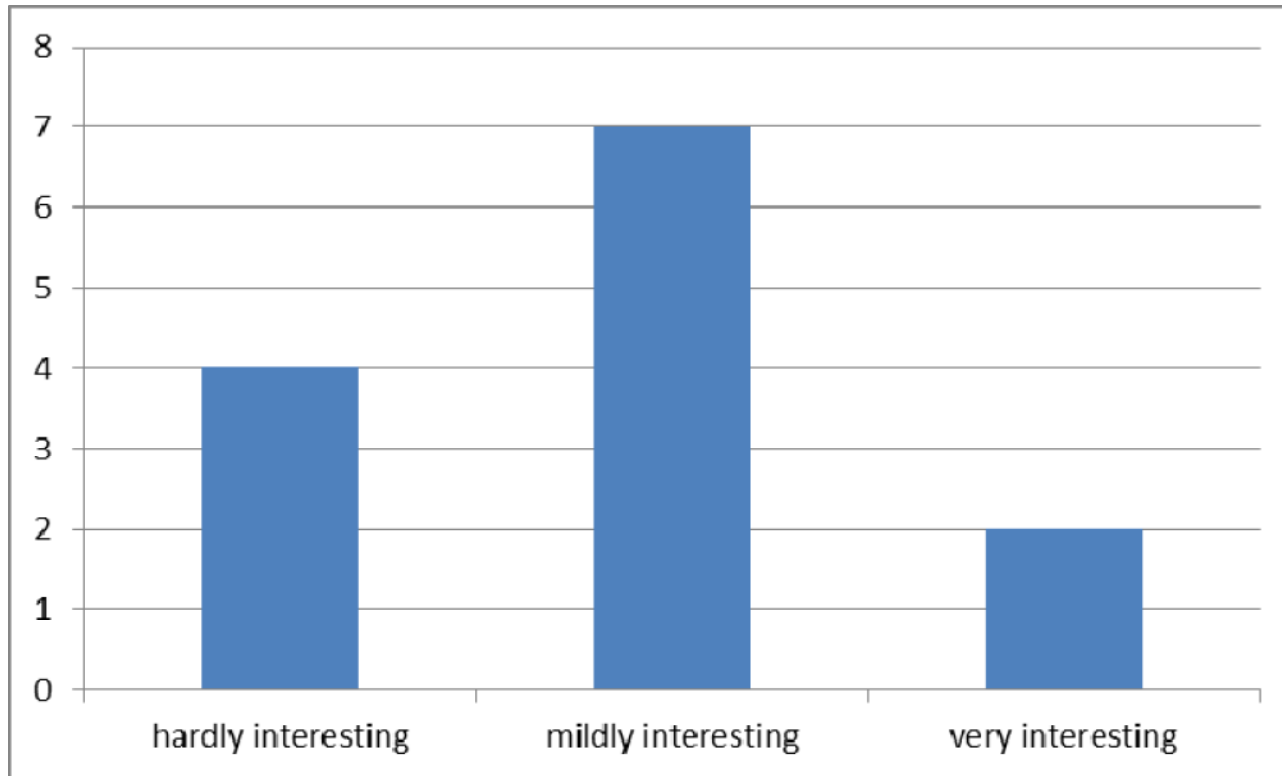
# IPTV statistics



# Social TV



# Social TV



# Evolution of User Behavior with New Networking Paradigms and Service Offers

- Service Development by End Users or Service Designers -

Akira Takura

Jumonji University

Niiza, Japan

# Background

- Evolution of network services, such as home network services, mobile services, and so on
  - Confusion about complicated user interfaces
  - Network failure caused by unexpected traffic
- Most network services are ready-made
  - Sometimes do not match users' demands
- Many people have experiences using computers
  - PC lessons in elementary schools and network lessons in high schools

# Solutions

- Early validation of user interfaces and system behaviors:
  - Evolution of network services
- Service program development by end users or service designers:
  - Ready-made services



Proposal:

Service program development using a rule-based language

# Why rule-based languages

- Match the way of imperfect thinking of human beings
  - Even partial specifications can be executed
- ➔ We can develop network services observing the behavior of partial services.

# ESTR (Enhanced State Transition Rule)

Syntax:

**Pre-condition** **event** : **Post-condition** , { **action** }

**Pre-condition:** conditions for state transition

**event:** trigger for state transition

**Post-condition:** state after transition

**action:** procedure accompanied by state transition

( send a signal, retrieve database, and so on)

Example;

**stop(x)** **forward(x): forwarding(x), {Robact(forward,x)}**



# Application Examples

- VoIP
- Network game
- Network robot

# AIBO Demonstration

